TSCA NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

CAIR 90-890000 236 6-15-89

ETHAMMENTS:

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CONTAINS NO CEI

Form Approved OMB No. 2010-0019 Approval Expires 12-31-89



ESTABLE STATES 90-890000236

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule REPORTING FORM

When completed, send this form to:

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, SW Washington, DC 20460 Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

For Agency Use Only: Date of Receipt: ____ Document Control Number: Docket Number:

EPA Form 7710-52

	'	SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION
PART	Α (SENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01		s Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
CBI	COL	pleted in response to the Federal Register Notice of $[1]2[2][2][8]9$
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No $[0]2]6]4]7]1]-[6]2]-[5]$
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule NA
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	c.	If a chemical category is provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		Name of category as listed in the rule NA
		CAS No. of chemical substance
		Name of chemical substance
1.02	Ide	entify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
CBI		ufacturer
[_]		orter 2
		cessor(3
		manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor4
		processor reporting for customer who is a processor
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.03 CBI	Does the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it in the above-listed Federal Register Notice?				
[_]	Yes $[\overline{X}]$ Go to question \overline{X}	l.04			
	No	1.05			
1.04 CBI	a. Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the <u>Federal Register</u> Notice Circle the appropriate response.				
[_]	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}$			
	b. Check the appropriate box below:				
	[] You have chosen to notify your customers of their reporting obligations Provide the trade name(s)				
	[] You have chosen to report for your customers [] You have submitted the trade name(s) to EPA one day after the effective date of the rule in the Federal Register Notice under which you are reporting.				
1.05 <u>CBI</u> []	If you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of you reporting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name. Trade name	r -			
	No	. 2			
1.06 CBI	Certification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form mus	t			
[_]	'I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief all information entered on this form is complete and securate."				
	Ralph E. Puthoff NAME SIGNATURE 06-05-89 DATE SIGNED				
	Branch Manager (407) 843-7773 TELEPHONE NO.				
() +	rk (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	_			

1.07 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Exemptions From Reporting — If you have provided EPA or another Federal agency with the required information on a CAIR Reporting Form for the listed substance within the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and complete for the time period specified in the rule, then sign the certification below. You are required to complete section 1 of this CAIR form and provide any information now required but not previously submitted. Provide a copy of any previous submissions along with your Section 1 submission.				
	"I hereby certify that, to the information which I have not into EPA within the past 3 years a period specified in the rule."	irm has been submitted			
	NA				
	NAME		SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED	
	TITLE	(TELEPHONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION	
1.08 <u>CBI</u> [_]	CBI Certification If you have certify that the following state those confidentiality claims who "My company has taken measures and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable using legitimate means (other that is a judicial or quasi-judicial printer information is not publicly available would cause substantial harm to	ements tich you to prote ese meas by other han discoceeding ilable e	ruthfully and accurately have asserted. ect the confidentiality of	of the information, of the information, on the information of the information of the information of the information.	
	NA				
	NAME		SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED	
	TITLE	(TELEPHONE NO.		

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
CBI	Name [B] r]a]d] R]a]q]a]n],] []n]c].]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Address [1]0]3]] W e s t _ G r a n t _ S t . } _] _] _] _] _] _] _] _] _]
	[0]r]]a]n]d]o]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[F] 1] [3]2]8]0]6][]]]] State Zip
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID Number
	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code
	Other SIC Code
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
CBI	Name $[B]r]a]d]]R]a]g]a]n],]][]n]c].]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]$
[_]	Address $[4]4]0]4]\overline{G}[]\overline{S}t]\underline{u}\underline{a}\underline{r}\underline{t}]\underline{a}\underline{n}\underline{d}\underline{r}\underline{d}\underline{r}\underline{e}\underline{w}\underline{n}\underline{B}\underline{1}\underline{v}\underline{d}\underline{r}$
	(<u>C</u>) <u>h</u>] <u>a</u>] <u>r</u>] <u>l</u>] <u>o</u>] <u>t</u>] <u>t</u>] <u>e</u>]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]]
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number
-	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.11	Parent Company Identification
<u>CBI</u> []	Name [T]h e G o o d y e a r T i r e & R u b b e r C Address [1 1 4 4 E a s t M a r k e t S t r e e t [A k r o n
1.12 CBI	Technical Contact
[_]	Name [J]o]h]n] B]. H]a]r]b]e]r]. J]
	[X]a]d]T]o[T]d] [J] [J] [J] [J] [J] [J] [J] [J] [V]A] [2]4]1]4]3][J] [J] State [2]4]1]4[3][J] [J] Telephone Number [7]0]3]-[6]3]9]-[3]9-[3]9]-[3]9]-[3]9]-[3]9]-[3]9]-[3]9[3]9-[3]9[3]9]-[3]9[3]9[3]9-[3]9[3]9]-[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9[3]9
1.13	This reporting year is from $[\frac{\overline{O}}{\overline{I}}]$ $[\frac{\overline{8}}{\overline{I}}]$ to $[\frac{\overline{1}}{\overline{I}}]$ $[\frac{\overline{8}}{\overline{I}}]$
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:				
		NA			
<u>CBI</u>	Name of Seller [_ _ _ _ _			
[_]	Mailing Address	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_			
		[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_			
		[<u> </u>	[] [_]_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_		
	Employer ID Numbe	er	[_]_]_]_]_]_		
	Contact Person [
	,	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
1.15	Facility Sold following informa	NA If you sold this facility during ation about the buyer:	the reporting year, provide the		
CBI	Name of Buyer [
[_]	Mailing Address	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]			
		{}	[] []]]]]]][]]]]]		
	Employer ID Numbe	er	[_]_]_]_]_]_		
	Date of Purchase	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
	Contact Person [
			· [] [] - [] [] [] - [] [] [] [
		if you attach a continuation shee			
	-	Shee			

$_{1}^{-1}$	Classification	Quantity (kg/yr)
`′	Manufactured	
	Manufactured	0.0
	Imported	
	Processed (include quantity repackaged)	618.3
	Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	
	For on-site use or processing	- <u>NA</u>
	For direct commercial distribution (including export)	- <u>-</u> NA
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	NA
	Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	. 29.44(4 DRUN
	Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	0.0
	Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	0.0
	Processed as an article component (article producer)	619 7 (94DDH)
	Repackaged (including export)	- 610.2 (64DRU)
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	
		- <u>29.44(4 DRU</u> M
	fark (X) this box if you attach a continuation shoet	

	r all formulations.)		is a mixtur component percentage o
Component Name	Supplier Name	Compositio (specify	age % weight precision, 5% ± 0.5%)
TDI Prepolymer	ARNCO	40 ± 5.0	
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	ARNCO	55 ± 5.0	
Toluene Diisocyanate	ARNCO		5 .
		Total	100%
	Name TDI Prepolymer Petroleum Hydrocarbon	Name Name Name Name Name ARNCO Petroleum Hydrocarbon ARNCO	Compositio (specify Name Name e.g., 4 TDI Prepolymer ARNCO 40 ± 5.0 Petroleum Hydrocarbon ARNCO 55 ± 5.0 Toluene Diisocyanate ARNCO 4.0 ± 0.

2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manufactured, imported, or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the reporting year in
CBI	
[_]	Year ending
	Quantity manufactured
	Quantity imported
	Quantity processed
	Year ending
	Quantity manufactured
	quantity imported
	Quantity processed
	Year ending
	Quantity manufactured
	Quantity imported
	Quantity processed
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. Circle all appropriate process types.
[_]	NA Continuous process
	1
	Semicontinuous process
	Batch process
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

2.06 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the manner in appropriate process t	which you processed types.	the listed substance.	Circle all		
[_]	Continuous process					
	Semicontinuous proces					
		•••••••••				
2.07 CBI	State your facility's substance. (If you a question.)	name-plate capacity fre a batch manufacture	for manufacturing or per or batch processor,	rocessing the listed do not answer this		
	444011011.)	NA	•	-		
[_]	Manufacturing capacit	V				
	Processing capacity	,		kg/yr		
	Processing capacity	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	····· _	kg/yr		
2.08 CBI	If you intend to incremanufactured, imported year, estimate the incommon volume.	ease or decrease the q d, or processed at any crease or decrease bas	uantity of the listed time after your curr ed upon the reporting	substance ent corporate fiscal year's production		
[_]		ManufacturingQuantity (kg)	ImportingQuantity (kg)	ProcessingQuantity (kg)		
	Amount of increase	•		22.0		
	Amount of decrease			22.0		
	ı					
	•			· ·		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continuat	ion sheet.			
						

2.09	substance during	argest volume manufacturing or processing proce e, specify the number of days you manufactured g the reporting year. Also specify the average s type was operated. (If only one or two opera	or processed	the listed
CBI				
[_]			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
	,	Manufactured		
		Processed	250	1
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		-
	•	Manufactured		
		Processed	NA	
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed	NA	
2.10 CBI	chemical. Maximum daily in Average monthly	inventory	y of the is the form of	ted a bulk kg kg
[_]	Mark (X) this bo	x if you attach a continuation sheet.	,	
		The state of the s		

CBI	Related Product Types List any byproducts, coproducts, or impurities present with the listed substance in concentrations greater than 0.1 percent as it is manufactured, imported, or processed. The source of byproducts, coproducts, or impurities means the source from which the byproducts, coproducts, or impurities are made or introduced into the product (e.g., carryover from raw material, reaction product, etc.).					
· ;	NA					
	CAS No.	Chemical Name	Byproduct, Coproduct or Impurity ¹	Concentration (%) (specify ± % precision)	Source of By products, Co products, or Impurities	
					-	
	¹ Use the follow	owing codes to designa	te byproduct, copro	duct, or impurity	v:	
	B = Byproduc		,,		, •	
	C = Coproduc					
	I = Impurity			# ∀		

^[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

2.12 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Existing Product Types — List all existing product types which you manufactured, imported, or processed using the listed substance during the reporting year. List the quantity of listed substance you use for each product type as a percentage of the total volume of listed substance used during the reporting year. Also list the quantity of listed substance used captively on-site as a percentage of the value listed under column b., and the types of end-users for each product type. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)					
	a.	b.		c.	d	
		% of Quantity			d.	
		Manufactured,		% of Quantity		
	Product Types ¹	Imported, or Processed		Used Captively		
		riocessed	-	On-Site	Type of End-Users ²	
	X	100	_	100	I, CM	
	· ·		_			
			_		•	
					-	
			_			
	Use the following code A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabiliz Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant G = Cleanser/Detergent H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsif J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adh Use the following code	/Accelerator/ er/Scavenger/ /Sequestrant /Degreaser modifier/Antivear ier esive and additives	L = N = O = O = O = O = O = O = O = O = O	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color Photographic/Repand additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel ad Explosive chemic Fragrance/Flavor Pollution control Functional fluid Metal alloy and Rheological modion Other (specify) A	als and additives chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives	
	I = Industrial	CS = Cons				
	CM = Commercial	H = Othe		pecify)		
 [<u></u>]	Mark (X) this box if yo					

2.13 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Expected Product Types Identify all product types which you expect to manufacture import, or process using the listed substance at any time after your current corporate fiscal year. For each use, specify the quantity you expect to manufacture import, or process for each use as a percentage of the total volume of listed substance used during the reporting year. Also list the quantity of listed substance used captively on-site as a percentage of the value listed under column b., and the types of end-users for each product type. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)					
	a.	ъ.		с.	đ.	
	Product Types ¹	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed		% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users ²	
	X 100			100	I, CM	
			_			
			_			
	<pre>"Use the following codes to designate product A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/ Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant/Sequestrant G = Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser H = Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antiwear agent I = Surfactant/Emulsifier J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives *Use the following codes to designate the interpretation in the control of the contro</pre>			Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Coloe Photographic/Repand additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel additives Fuel and fuel additives Fragrance/Flavor Pollution controe Functional fluid Metal alloy and Rheological modius Other (specify)	als and additives chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives fior	
	CM = Commercial	H = Othe				
[_]	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continua	tion	sheet.		

_]	substance other than	ed, or processed at y as an impurity.					
	a.	b.	c. Average %	d.			
_	Product Type ¹	Final Product's Physical Form ²	Composition of Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-Users ³			
	x	Н	< 0.01	I, CM			
	¹ Use the following c	odes to designate pro	duct types.				
	A = Solvent		L = Moldable/Castable	e/Rubber and additive			
	<pre>B = Synthetic react C = Catalyst/Initia</pre>	ant tor/Accelerator/	M = Plasticizer				
	C = Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Sensor						
	D = Inhibitor/Stabi	lizer/Scavenger/	and additives	rographic chemical			
	Antioxidant	-		n/Plating chomicals			
	E = Analytical reagent P = Electrodeposition/Plating chemicals Q = Fuel and fuel additives						
	F = Chelator/Coagul	ant/Sequestrant	R = Explosive chemica	als and additives			
	G = Cleanser/Deterg	ent/Degreaser	S = Fragranco/Plance	chemicals			
	H = Lubricant/Frict	l chemicals					
	agent I = Surfactant/Emul	_ ; e :	U = Functional fluids	s and additives			
	J = Flame retardant	silier	V = Metal alloy and a	additives			
	K = Coating/Rinder/	Adhesivo and addition	W = Rheological modif	fier			
	² lise the fellowing	duresive and additives	S X = Other (specify)	Article-Flat proof ti			
	² Use the following codes to designate the final product's physical form:						
	A = Gas B = Liquid		stalline solid				
	C = Aqueous solution	F3 = Gran					
	D = Paste		er solid				
	E = Slurry	G = Gel H = Othe	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			
	F1 = Powder	$n = O(n\epsilon)$	er (specify) <u>Article</u>				
	³ Use the following codes to designate the type of end-users:						
	l = Industrial	CS = Cons					
	CM = Commercial		er (specify)				

2.15' CBI	Circl	e all applicable modes of transportation used to delivered substance to off-site customers.	c bulk shipments	of the					
[_]	Truck								
		ar							
		e, Vessel		_					
		ine		•					
		(specify)							
		,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6					
2.16 <u>CBI</u> [_]	of en	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance repared by your customers during the reporting year for use listed (i-iv).	e used by your cu use under each ca	stomers tegory :					
	i.	Industrial Products							
		Chemical or mixture		kg/yr					
		Article							
	ii.	Commercial Products							
		Chemical or mixture		kg/yr					
		Article							
	iii.	Consumer Products		。					
		Chemical or mixture		kg/yr					
		Article							
	iv.	<u>Other</u>							
		Distribution (excluding export)	123.7	kg/yr					
		Export							
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant							
		Unknown customer uses		kg/vr					
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		····					
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.							

SECTION	3	PROCESSOR	RAV	MATERIAI.	IDENTIFICATION
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PART	A GENERAL DATA	,	
3.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price for each major source of supply listed. Product trad The average price is the market value of the product substance.	paid for the list es are treated as that was traded f	ed substance purchases. or the listed
	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Price (\$/kg)
-	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.		
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	·	-
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.		
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.		
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	618.3	1.70
3.02 CBI	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility. Truck Railcar Barge, Vessel Pipeline Other (specify)		

3.03 <u>CBI</u>	a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to your facility.	-
{_}}		Bags	1
		Boxes	2
		Free standing tank cylinders	3
		Tank rail cars	4
		Hopper cars	
		Tank trucks	
		Hopper trucks	7
		Drums	<u>م</u> 8
		Pipeline	9
		Other (specify)10	0
	b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank rail cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.	
		Tank cylinders mmHg	or.
		Tank rail cars mmHg	_
		Tank trucks mmHg	_
		mining	3
{}	Marl	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet	-

4 If you obtain the listed of the mixture, the name average percent composit amount of mixture process	ition by waish a con	form of a mixture, list the) or manufacturer(s), an est he listed substance in the m orting year.	trade name(s) imate of the ixture, and th	
Trade Name	Supplier or Manufacturer	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)	
Wingfil Part A.	ARNCO	4.0 + 0.5	15456	
	•			
			•	
·				

3.05 <u>CBI</u> [_]	State the quantity of the listed substance used as a raw material during the reporting year in the form of a class I chemical, class II chemical, or polymer, and the percent composition, by weight, of the listed substance.						
		Quantity Used (kg/yr)	% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub- stance in Raw Material (specify ± % precision				
	Class I chemical	618.3	4.0 ± 0.5				
	Class II chemical						
	٠.						
	Polymer						

	SEC	TION 4 PHYSICA	L/CHEMICAL PROPE	ERTIES				
Gener	al Instructions:							
4 tna	u are reporting on a mix t are inappropriate to m	ixtures by stat	ing "NA mixt	ure."				
notic	uestions 4.06-4.15, if ye that addresses the infamile in lieu of answerir	ormation reques	ited, vou may sul	bmit a copy	abel, MSDS, or other or reasonable			
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DAT	'A SUMMARY			÷			
4.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the percent pur substance as it is manu substance in the final import the substance, o	factured, impor	ted, or processor manufacturing	ed. Measure activities.	the purity of the			
,,		Manufacture	<u> </u>	mport	Process			
	Technical grade #1	% pur	rity	% purity]	NA-mixture % purity			
	Technical grade #2	% pur	rity	% purity	% purity			
	Technical grade #3	% pur		% purity	% purity			
	1 Major = Greatest quant		substance manufa	•	orted or processed.			
4.02	Submit your most recently updated Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the listed substance, and for every formulation containing the listed substance. If you posses an MSDS that you developed and an MSDS developed by a different source, submit your version. Indicate whether at least one MSDS has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.							
	Yes	Yes						
	No	No						
	Indicate whether the MS							
	Your company	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.



HATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

REVISION DATE June 4 . 1986

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME : WING-FIL COMPONENT "A" CHEHICAL NAME

: TDI Prepolymer plus Petroleum Hydrocarbon CHEHICAL FAHILY

: Isocyanate Prepolymer and Petroleum Hydrocarbon FORHULA

: Proprietary DOT HAZARD CLASS: UN2078 (TDI)

HANUFACTURER ' : ARNCO, 5141 Firestone Place, South Gate, CA 90280-3570

Phone No: (213)567-1378

CHEHTREC Phone No: (800)424-9300 District of Columbia: (202)483-7616

II. INGREDIENTS

Components	Flash Boiling Point Point OF OF		Vapor Press. mm Hg	Vapor Dens. (Air=1)	Flammable Limit		
TDI Prepolymer	0.02ppm 0.2mg/m3	Not Estab.	Not Estab.	0.02 077°F.	6.0	Not Estab.	
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	0.2mg/m ³ TWA-ACGIH	>300	>550	<1.0 @68°F.	<0.1	No Data Available	

III. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (°F) : 464 VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) : SEE SECTION II VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1) : SEE SECTION II SOLUBILITY IN WATER, 5

: Insoluble. Reacts with water to liberate CO₂ gas.

APPEARANCE & ODOR SPECIFIC GRAVITY $(H_20=1)$

: Dark brown liquid. Sharp pungent odor.

* VOLATILE BY VOLUME

: Negligible

EVAPORATION RATE (Ether=1) : Not Established



IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (OF)

: 320

FLAHHABLE LIHITS

.: Not Established

EXTINGUISHING HEDIA

: Dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Fire fighters should wear full emergency equipment with self-contained pressure-demand breathing apparatus. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: During a fire, toxic gases are genererated. Closed containers may explode from extreme heat or from water contamination. DO NOT reseal water-contaminated containers, as pressure buildup up may cause violent rupture of the container.

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: 0.02 ppm; 0.2 mg/m3

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

INHALATION: Hay cause dizziness and nausea. Irritation of the upper and lower respiratory tract. Some individuals may develop isocyante hypersensitization and must avoid further exposure to even low isocyanate levels. Inhalation of mists may present a cancer hazard sinusitis, brochitis, asthma, and impaired ventilatory capacity can occur in some individuals.

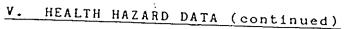
INGESTION: Irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach and digestive tract. Possibly liver toxicity. Aspiration into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

EYES: Liquid, vapors, or mist can cause sever irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision and possibly irreversible damage to the eye.

SKIN: Irritation and allergic sensitivity may occur for some individuals, producing reddening, swelling or blistering, and skin sensitization, possibly resulting in dermatitis. This product contains petroleum oils similar to those catogarized by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as causing skin cancer in mice after prolonged and repeated contact. Any potential hazard can be minimized by using recommended protective equipment to avoid skin contact and by washing thoroughly after handling.

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MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing unspecific bron-chial hypersensitivity and, potentially, any allergies.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation and skin contact.

EHERGENCY FIRST AID:

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration, and get medical attention immediately. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically: bronchodilators; oxygen.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Aspiration can be fatal. Give a glass of milk or water, keep patient quiet and warm, and get prompt medical attention.

EYES: Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the eyelid, and get prompt medical attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Wash affected skin with soap and water. Consult a physician if swelling or reddening occurs.

VI. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable under normal, recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Open flame and storage temperatures above 1200F

INCOMPATIBILITY: Haterials to avoid are water. alcohols, ammonia, amines, and alkalis. Contaminated containers should be left vented and be moved to a safe area for neutralization and proper disposal.

HAZARDOUS POLYHERIZATION: Hay occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Exposure to high temperature, or resealing of containers contaminated with materials listed under INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid).

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide and dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, unidentified organic compounds, and traces of hydrogen cyanide (HCN).

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PROCEDURES

SPILL RESPONSE: Evacuate and ventilate the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Respiratory protection must be worn during cleanup. Cover the spill with sawdust, vermiculite, or other absorbent material. Scoop and place in open container and remove to well ventilated area to be treated with a decontamination solution made up of 20% Tergitol TMN-10 (Union Carbide) and 80% water; or 5% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent, and 93% water. Leave the container open for 24-48 hours. Wash down the spill area with decontamination solution. For major spills call CHEMTREC:

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Decontaminated waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, and local environmental control regulations. It is your duty to comply with the Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, and Resources Conservation and Recovery Act.

VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical workers goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn in or near work area.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: HSHA/NIOSH approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with full-face shield. Organic vapor filters are not effective against TDI vapor. The vapor pressure of TDI is such that at normal temperatures, vapor concentration in the air will exceed the TLV of 0.02 ppm.

SKIN PROTECTION: Impervious, chemical resistant (natural rubber) gloves, arm covers, aprons or coveralls, boots and caps.

VENTILATION RECOMMENDED: General mechanical ventilation and local exhaust, to maintain vapor concentration below the TLV.

OTHER PROTECTION: Safety showers and eye wash stations must be easily accessible. Provide a dry nitrogen blanket in bulk storage tanks.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

HYGIENIC PRACTICES IN HANDLING & STORAGE: Store below 100°F, preferably below 90°F, in tightly-closed containers to prevent atmospheric moisture contamination. DO NOT reseal if contamination is suspected. DO NOT store near open flame or high heat.

Wear protective equipment to prevent eye and skin contact. DO NOT breath vapors. Wash hands before eating or smoking.

Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor or liquid), all hazard precautions given in this MSDS must be observed. For proper container disposal, fill with water and allow to stand unsealed for at least 48 hours then dospose of in accordance with Federal, State and local environmental control regulations.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS IS FURNISHED WITHOUT WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, EXCEPT THAT IT IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST KNOWLEDGE OF ARNCO. THE DATA ON THIS HSDS RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED HEREIN. ARNCO ASSUMES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE UPON THIS DATA.

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4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.							
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • •				1		
	No							
4.04 <u>CBI</u>	For each activity that uses the list corresponding to each physical state listed. Physical states for import the time you import or begin to promanufacturing, storage, disposal arfinal state of the product.	te of the ting and p ocess the	listed sub processing : listed sub	stance durir activities a	ng the activity are determined	y at		
			Phy	sical State				
	Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas		
	Manufacturo			-				

		Pny	sical State					
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas			
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5			
Import	1	2	3	4	5			
Process	1	2	(3)	4	5			
Store	1	2	3	4	5			
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5			
Transport	1	2	3	4	5			

							·/···	
[_]	Mark (X)	this box	if you a	ttach a	continuation	sheet.		

4.05 <u>CBI</u> []	percenta particle importin listed s	Size If the list g activities, indica ge distribution of t s ≥10 microns in dia g and processing act ubstance. Measure t disposal and transp	he listed subs meter. Measur ivities at the	stance by te the phe time you	e physical activity ysical st ou import	. state . Do n .ate and .or begi	the size ot includ particle n to proc	and the e sizes for ess the
	Physical State		Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Transport
	Dust	<1 micron			NA_			
		1 to <5 microns			NA			
		5 to <10 microns			NA			
	Powder	<1 micron			NA	ž		-
		1 to <5 microns			NA			
		5 to <10 microns			NA			
	Fiber	<1 micron			NA			
	-	1 to <5 microns			NA			
	·	5 to <10 microns			NA	·		*
	Aerosol	<1 micron			NA			
		1 to <5 microns			NA			-
		5 to <10 microns			NA			

[[]_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

SECTION	5	ENVIRONMENTAL.	FATE

PART	A 1	RATE CONSTANTS AND TRANSFORMATION PRODUCTS NA-Mixture	
5.01	Ind	dicate the rate constants for the following transformation processes. Photolysis:	
		Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak) (1/M cm) at	
		Reaction quantum yield, 6 at at	. nm
		Direct photolysis rate constant, k_p , atl/hrla	 titude
	b.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:	credec
		For ¹ 0 ₂ (singlet oxygen), k _{ox}	1/M h:
		For RO ₂ (peroxy radical), k _{ox}	1/M hi
	c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD ₅	mg/l
	d.	Biotransformation rate constant:	
		For bacterial transformation in water, k _b	1/hr
		Specify culture	
	e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:	
		For base-promoted process, k _B	1/M hi
		For acid-promoted process, k,	1/M hi
		For neutral process, k_N	1/hr
	f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)	
	g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)	

PART	B F	PARTITION COEFFICI	ENTS	·.				
5.02	а.	Specify the half	-life of the	e listed sub	stance in the following	ng med	ia.	
					NA-Mixture			
		<u>Media</u>			Half-life (speci	fy uni	ts)	
		Groundwater						
		Atmosphere						
		Surface water						
		Soil						-
	b.	Identify the lis life greater tha	ted substanc n 24 hours.	e's known tr	ansformation products	that	have a	half-
		CAS No.	•	Name	Half-life (specify units)		Med	ia
						in _		
			_					
			_			in		
		•.				in _		
					NA-Mixture			
5.03	Spe	cify the octanol-	vater partit	ion coeffici	ent, K _{ow}			at 25°0
	Meti	hod of calculation	or determi	nation				
					NA-Mixture			
5.04	Spe	cify the soil-wate	er partition	coefficient	, K _a			at 25°C
	Soi	l type		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
5.05	Spec	cify the organic of	arbon-water	partition	NA-Mixture			
		,oc	••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • •				at 25°C
5.06	Spec	cify the Henry's I	.av Constant	u	NA-Mixture			3
			,au oons tant	, 11		-	atm-	-m'/mole
·								
[_]	Marl	(X) this box if	you attach :	a continuati	on shoot			
			· ·		··· Ussce c .			

Bioconcentration Factor	be of test used in deriving the NA-Mixture Species	
	<u>opecies</u>	Test ¹
¹ Use the following codes to de	signate the tune of him	
F = Flowthrough	signate the type of test:	
S = Static		

6.04 CBI	For each market listed below, sta the listed substance sold or trans	te the quantity sold and the sferred in bulk during the re	total sales value of
[_]		Quantity Sold or	Total Sales
\	Market	Transferred (kg/yr)	Value (\$/yr)
/	Retail sales		
	Distribution\ Wholesalers \		
	Distribution - Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer	\	
\	Repackagers		
	Aixture producers		
	Article producers		\.
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		
	Exporters		
\	Other (specify)		
6.05 <u>CBI</u>	Substitutes List all known common for the listed substance and state feasible substitute is one which in your current operation, and who performance in its end uses.	is economically and technolo-	. A commercially
`_'	Substitute	e	Cost (\$/kg)
	No substitutes currently kn	nown	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a	continuation sheet.	

SECTION 7 HANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

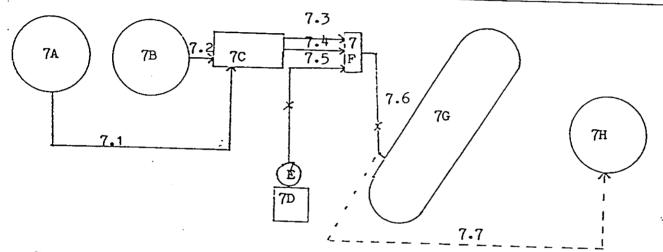
General Instructions:

For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the

PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

7.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the CBI

Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

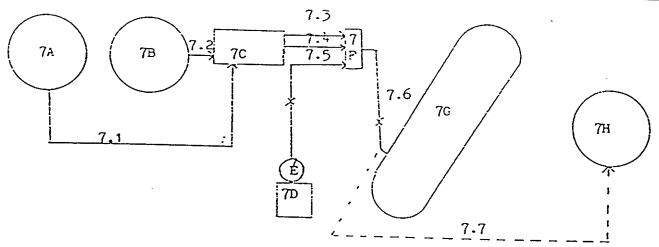
7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.03 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released for one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions type, provide a process block flow diagram from more than one process block.

CBI

Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Pilled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

 $^[\]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Process typ	pe Batch-	- Polyurethane Polyme:	rization	
Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vesse Composi
7A	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7B	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7C	Metering Pump	Ambient	Atmospheric	Stainle
7D	5 Gallon Can	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7E	Pump	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
<u>7F</u>	Mixing Head	Ambient	Atmospheric	Stainle
7G	Tire	Ambient	Atmospheric	Vul. Ru
_7H	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
		-		
			-	

7.05	Describe each process block question and c	process stream identified in you flow diagram is provided for mon complete it separately for each p	or process block flow disce than one process type	agram(s). If a
CBI		•		
[_]	Process type .	Batch - Polyurethane	Polymerization	
	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream Description	Physical State ¹	Stream Flow (kg/yr)
	7.1	TDI Prepolymer	OL	154565
	7.3	TDI Prepolymer	OL	15456
	7.6	Polymerizing Polyurethane	OL	30912
				-
	GC = Gas (cond GU = Gas (unco SO = Solid SY = Sludge or AL = Aqueous 1 OL = Organic 1	liquid	and pressure) e and pressure)	
[_]	Mark (X) this b	pox if you attach a continuation	sheet.	

	a.			merization	
		b.	c.	d.	е.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds	Concentrations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)
	7.1	TDI Prepolymer	40 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA
		Petroleum Hydrocarbon	55 - 5.0 (E) (W) _	NA	NA
		Toluene Diisocyanate	4.0 ± 0.5 (E) (W) -	NA	NA
	7.3	TDI Prepolymer	40 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA
		Petroleum Hydrocarbon	55 ± 5.0	NA	NA
		Toluene Diisocyanate	4.0 ± 0.5 (E) (W)	NA .	NA .
	7.6	Polyurethane	(원) - (육)	NA	NA
		Toluene Diisocyanate	(E) (W)	NA	NA
		Amine	<u>(£) (w)</u>	NA	NA
7.06	continued be	lov		~~~~~~~~~	

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7	.06	(continued))
•	• • •	(,

NA

¹For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations(% or ppm)
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
2		
'Use the following codes t	o designate how the concentrati	on was determined:
<pre>A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement</pre>	/calculation	
	o designate how the concentrati	on from managers.
V = Volume V = Veight	Share not the concentrati	on was measured:
Mark (X) this box if you at	tach a continue	

Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	8.01 <u>CBI</u>	In accordance which de	dance with scribes t	h the in he treat	nstruci tment p	tions, p process	rovide a used for	residu residu	ual tre uals id	atment b entified	lock flo in ques	w diagram tion 7.01
	[_]	Process	type	· · · · · _		Batch	- Polyur	rethane	Polyme	rization		
					NA							
			•									
			*									
					•							
					,							

8.05 CBI	process	type, photo	esidual trea copy this du	tment block f	in your residu low diagram is mplete it sepa r explanation	provided for	more than one
[_]		type			thane Polymeri		•
	a.	b.	C.	d.	e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Vaste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) ^{4,5,6}	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
 8.05	continu	ed below					

8.05 (continued)

NA

¹Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste:

I = Ignitable

C = Corrosive

R = Reactive

E = EP toxic

T = Toxic

H = Acutely hazardous

²Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry

AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

8.05 continued below

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

8.05	(cont	inue	d)
------	-------	------	----

Additive

NA

³For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations(% or ppm)
1		
2		
3		
4	• ·	
5		
⁴ Use the following code	s to designate how the concentration	on was determined:
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgem	ent/calculation	
continued below		·
Mark (X) this box if yo	u attach a continuation sheet.	
	56	

8.05	(continu	ed)	
		NA .	
	⁵ Use the	following codes to designate how the concentration was measured.	ured:
	V = Vol V = Vei	ume	
	⁶ Specify below.	the analytical test methods used and their detection limits Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes	in the table in column e.
	Code	<u>Method</u>	Detection Lim(<u>t</u> ug/l)
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	_5		
	_6	:	
		·	
		•	
		ė.	

 $[\]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Proce	ss	type		Bat	ch - Pol	yure	thane Po	lymeı	rizatio	on	
a. Strea ID Code	1	b. Waste Description Code	C. Manager Metho Code	ođ	Residua Quantit	ies	Mana of Res		(%)	f. Costs for Off-Site Management	g. Changes Manageme
		Ouc			(kg/yr	<u></u>	On-Site	011	-51 te	(per kg)	Methods
										,	
				 -							
								-			
									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
								-			
				-·- <u></u> -							
			·								
***··											
											
¹Use ²Use	the the	codes prov	ided in	Exhi Exhi	bit 8-1 bit 8-2	to d	esignate esignate	the the	waste manage	descriptions	;

WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES

Waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory deliminate.) with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory delimited)s.)

WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

- A01 Spent solvent (F001-F005, K086)
- A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086)
- A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)
- A04 Other organic sludge (F001-F005, K086)
- A05 Wastewater or aqueous mixture
- A06 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue
- A07 Other F or K waste, exactly as described
- A08 Concentrated off-spec or discarded product
- A09 Empty containers
- ""Exactly as described" means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code.
- A10 Incinerator ash
- All Solidified treatment residue
- A12 Other treatment residue (specify in "Facility Notes")
- A13 Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily
inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with
low suspended inorganic solids and low organic
content,

- 801 Aqueous waste with low solvents
- 802 Aqueous waste with low other toxic organics
- **B03** Spent acid with metals
- B04 Spent acid without metals
- 805 Acidic aqueous waste
- B06 Caustic solution with metals but no
- 807 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides
- 808 Caustic solution with cyanides but no metals
- 809 Spent caustic
- B10 Caustic aqueous waste
- B11 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides
- B12 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)
- B13 Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids
- 914 Other aqueous waste with low dissolved solids
- B15 Scrubber water
- B16 Leacnate
- B17 Waste liquid mercury
- 818 Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC SLUDGES-Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high water content and low organic content; pumpable.

- B19. Lime studge without metals
- 820 Lime sludge with metals/metal hydroxide sludge
- B21 Wastewater treatment sludge with toxic organics
- B22 Other wastewater treatment sludge
- 823 Untreated plating sludge without cyanides
- 824 Untreated plating sludge with cyanides B25 Other sludge with cyanides
- B26 Sludge with reactive sulfides
- 827 Sludge with other reactives
- 828 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or titings
- 829 Air pollution control device sludge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)
- B30 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics
- B31 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

- Dritting mud **B32**
- Asbestos sturry or studge 833
- 834 Chloride or other brine sludge
- 835 Other inorganic studge (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content and low-to-moderate water content; not pumpable.

- 836 Soil contaminated with organics **B37**
- Soil contaminated with inorganics only **B38** Ash, slag, or other residue from incineration of wastes
- 839 Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal residue
- "Dry" time or metal hydroxide solids 840 chemically "fixed"
- "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids not B41 "fixed"
- **B42** Metal scale, filings, or scrap
- Empty or crushed metal drums or containers
- Batteries or battery parts, casings, cores
- **B45** Spent solid filters or adsorbents 846
- Asbestos solids and debns 847 Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals
- 848 Reactive cyanide satts/chemicals
- B49 Reactive sulfide salts/chemicals
- 850 Other reactive salts/chemicals
- 851 Other metal salts/chemicals
- Other waste inorganic chemicals
- 853 Lab packs of old chemicals only
- **B54** Lab packs of debns only 855
- Mixed lab packs 856
- Other inorganic solids (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmosphene pressure.

BS7 Inorganic gases

ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with lew inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content.

- **B**58 Concentrated solvent-water solution
- 859 Halogenated (e.g., chlonnated) solvent
- B60 Nonhalogenated solvent

- B61 Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent mixture
- **B62** Oil-water emulsion or mixture
- **B63** Waste oil
- 864 Concentrated aqueous solution of other organics
- 865 Concentrated phenolics
- 866 Organic paint, ink, lacquer, or varnish 867
 - Adhesives or expoxies
- Paint thinner or petroleum distillates
- **B**69 Reactive or polymerizable organic liquid
- Other organic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable.

- Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlori-
- nated) solvents or other organic liquids B72
- Still bottoms of nonhalogenated
- solvents or other organic liquids
- Oily studge 873 R74
- Organic paint or ink studge
- **B75** Reactive or polymerizable organics
- 876 Resins, tars, or larry sludge
- 277 Biological treatment slugge 878
- Sewage or other untreated biological sludge 879
- Other organic sludge (specify in "Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpable.

- 880 Halogenated pasticide solid 881
- Nonhalogenated pesticide solid 882 Solid resins or polymenzed organics
- 883 Spent carbon
- **B84** Reactive organic solid
- B85 Empty fiber or plastic containers
- **B86** Lab packs of old chemicals only
- 887 Lab packs of debns only
- 888 Mixed lab packs
- 889 Other halogenated organic solid
- Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

891 Organic cases

EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

MANAGEMENT METHODS

	HANAGEMENT	nein	003
ж1 .	Discharge to publicly owned	_	
	vastevater treatment works	Reco	very of solvents and liquid organics
Н2 =	Discharge to surface vater under	ror	reuse
	NPDES	15R	Fractionation
нз =	Discharge to off-site, privately	2SR	Batch still distillation
	ovned vastevater treatment vorks	3SR	cht chtaction
м4 .	Scrubbors all annuals	4SR	Thin-film evaporation
	Scrubber: a) caustic; b) vater;	SSR	Filtration
М5 -		6SR	
	Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;	7SR	Dessication
н6 -	c) other (specify)	8SR	Other solvent recovery
	Other (specify)		
TRRA	THENT AND RECYCLING	Reco	very of metals
	TIME!	1MR	Activated carbon (for metals
Inci	neration/thermal treatment		recovery)
11	Liquid injection	2MR	Electrodialysis (for metals
21	Potary or model - 1:1		recovery)
31	Rotary or rocking kiln	3MR	Electrolytic metal recovery
JI	Rotary kiln with a liquid injection unit	4MR	Ion exchange (for metals recovery)
41		5HR	Reverse osmosis (for metals
51	Tvo stage		recovery)
6I	Fixed hearth	6HR	Solvent extraction (for metals
7I	Multiple hearth		recovery)
81	Fluidized bed	7HR	
	Infrared		recovery)
	Fume/vapor	8HR	Other metals recovery
111	Pyrolytic destructor		
111	Other incineration/thermal	Vast	evater Treatment
	treatment	Afte	r each vastevater treatment type
D			listed below (1VT - 66VT) specify
Keus	e as fuel		
100			a) tank: or b) surface impoundment
1RF	Cement kiln		a) tank; or b) surface impoundment
2RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln		a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa)
2RF 3RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln	Equa:	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa)
2RF 3RF 4RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln		a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa)
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace		a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa)
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace	lvt	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining	1VT Cyan:	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace	Cyan:	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven	Cyan: 2VT 3VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including offection)
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Gener disin 6VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including offection) Chlorination
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nection) Chlorination Ozonation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nection) Chlorination Ozonation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Gener disir 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puel 1FB Soli-	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processor	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puel 1FB Soli- 1S 2S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processor	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation Lime
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 13RF Puel 1FB Soli- 1S 2S 3S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi 10VT 11VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation Lime Sodium hydroxide
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puell 1FB Soli 1S 2S 3S 4S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi 10VT 11VT 12VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation¹ Lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 9RF 10RF 11RF 13RF Puel 1FB Soli- 1S 2S 3S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes Thermoplastic techniques	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi 10VT 11VT 12VT 13VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation¹ Lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash Sulfide
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puell 1FB Soli 1S 2S 3S 4S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes Thermoplastic techniques Organic polymer techniques	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi 10VT 11VT 12VT 13VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation¹ Lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puel 1FB Soli- 1S 2S 3S 4S 5S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes Thermoplastic techniques Organic polymer techniques Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generalisin 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemi 10VT 11VT 12VT 13VT 14VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation¹ lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash Sulfide Other chemical precipitation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puel 15 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes Thermoplastic techniques Organic polymer techniques	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generation 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemin 10VT 11VT 12VT 13VT 14VT Chrom	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation Lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash Sulfide Other chemical precipitation
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puel 15 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes Thermoplastic techniques Organic polymer techniques Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generation 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemin 11VT 12VT 13VT 14VT Chrom 15VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation Lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash Sulfide Other chemical precipitation nium reduction Sodium bisulfite
2RF 3RF 4RF 5RF 6RF 7RF 8RF 10RF 11RF 12RF 13RF Puel 15 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S	Cement kiln Aggregate kiln Asphalt kiln Other kiln Blast furnace Sulfur recovery furnace Smelting, melting, or refining furnace Coke oven Other industrial furnace Industrial boiler Utility boiler Process heater Other reuse as fuel unit Blending Fuel blending dification Cement or cement/silicate processes Pozzolanic processes Asphaltic processes Thermoplastic techniques Organic polymer techniques Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	Cyan: 2VT 3VT 4VT 5VT Generation 6VT 7VT 8VT 9VT Chemin 11VT 12VT 13VT 14VT Chrom 15VT	a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63VTa) lization Equalization ide oxidation Alkaline chlorination Ozone Electrochemical Other cyanide oxidation ral oxidation (including nfection) Chlorination Ozonation UV radiation Other general oxidation ical precipitation Lime Sodium hydroxide Soda ash Sulfide Other chemical precipitation

EXHIBIT 8-2. (continued)

MANAGEMENT METHODS

17VT Ferrous sulfate 18VT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment) 19VT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20VT Thermal 21VT Chemical 22VT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption
23VT Carbon adsorption
24VT Ion exchange
25VT Resin adsorption
26VT Other adsorption

Stripping 27VT Air stripping 28VT Steam stripping 29VT Other stripping

Evaporation
30VT Thermal
31VT Solar
32VT Vapor recompression
33VT Other evaporation

Filtration
34VT Diatomaceous earth
35VT Sand
36VT Hultimedia
37VT Other filtration

Sludge devatering
38VT Gravity thickening
39VT Vacuum filtration
40VT Pressure filtration (belt, plate
and frame, or leaf)
41VT Centrifuge
42VT Other sludge devatering

Air flotation
43VT Dissolved air flotation
44VT Partial aeration
45VT Air dispersion
46VT Other air flotation

Oil skimming 47VT Gravity separation 48VT Coalescing plate separation 49VT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50VT Decanting 51VT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment
52VT Activated sludge
53VT Fixed film-trickling filter
54VT Fixed film-rotating contactor
55VT Lagoon or basin, aerated
56VT Lagoon, facultative
57VT Anaerobic
58VT Other biological treatment

Other vastevater treatment
59VT Vet air oxidation
60VT Neutralization
61VT Nitrification
62VT Denitrification
63VT Flocculation and/or coagulation
64VT Settling (clarification)
65VT Reverse osmosis
66VT Other vastevater treatment

OTHER VASTE TREATMENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)
2ST Tank
3ST Waste pile
4ST Surface impoundment
5ST Other storage

DISPOSAL

- 1D Landfill
- 2D Land treatment
- 3D Surface impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)
- 4D Underground injection well

Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60VT).

8.22	Describe the co	ubustion chamber	design param	meters for	ach of the	three lar	gest			
<u>CBI</u>	your process bl	ncinerators that occor or residual	are used on- treatment blo	-site to bur ock flow dia	the residual that the test of the residual that the test of the te	duals iden	Mified in			
[_]		Combustion Chamber Temperature (°C)	Location o Temperature Monitor		Residen In Comb Chamber (nce Time oustion (seconds)			
	Incinerator 1	Primary Secon	ndary Prin	Secon	ndary Pr	rimary	Secondary			
	3		- -	-/-		$\overline{}$				
	Indicate\ by circli Yes	if Office of Sol	id Waste survite response.	rey has been	submitted	in lied o	f response			
	No	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • •	\	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2			
			\							
8.23 <u>CBI</u> []	doca 011-316	llowing table for e to burn the res flow diagram(s). NA	siduais ident	argest (by o	capacity) i	block or	residual			
	Incinerator	<u>(</u>	Air Pollutio Control Devic	n e¹		Types Emissions Availa	Data			
	1	_								
	2	_								
	3									
	Indicate if Office of Solid Waste survey has been submitted in lieu of response by circling the appropriate response.									
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	1			
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••								
		ing codes to desi								
	S = Scrubber (E = Electrosta	include type of s tic precipitator cify)	crubber in p	arenthesis)						
[_]	Mark (X) this bo	ox if you attach	a continuati	on sheet.						

PART	Δ	EMPLOYMENT	ΔND	POTENTTAL	EVPACIDE	DDORTER
LWUI	n	CULPATURIAL	MND	LOICHITHE	FYLOSOKE	PROFILE

CBI	records for that data element explanation and an example.)	are maint	ained. (Refo	er to the instruct:	ions for furthe
	<u>ī</u>		intained for		Number of
	Data Element	Hourly Workers	Salaried Workers	Data Collection Began	Years Records Are Maintaine
	Date of hire	X	X	1971	10
	Age at hire	X	X		11
	Work history of individual before employment at your facility				
	ractificy	X	X		
	Sex	X	X		11
	Race	X	X		ff
	Job titles	X	X	ti .	11
	Start date for each job title	X	X	II .	11
	End date for each job title	X	<u> </u>	11	11
	Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data				
	Personal employee monitoring data				
	Employee medical history	X	X	1981	"
	Employee smoking history				
	Accident history	X	X	1971	. 11
	Retirement date	X	X		II
	Termination date	X	X	Ħ	II
	Vital status of retirees				
	Cause of death data				

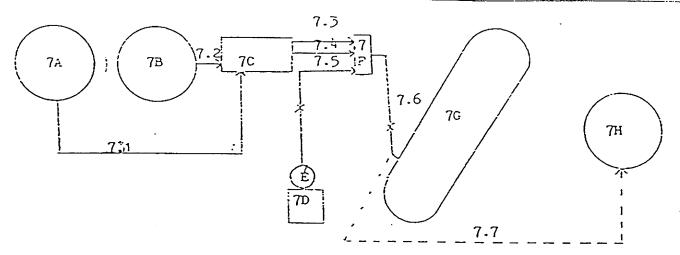
a.	b.	с.	d.	е.
Activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Vorkers	Total Vorker-Ho
Manufacture of the listed substance	Enclosed			
	Controlled Release			
	0pen			
On-site use as reactant	Enclosed	618.3	1	250
	Controlled Release			
	0pen		-	
On-site use as nonreactant	Enclosed			
	Controlled Release			
	0pen			
On-site preparation of products	Enclosed			
	Controlled Release			
	0pen			-
	·			•
1 1 1	Manufacture of the listed substance On-site use as reactant On-site use as nonreactant	Manufacture of the listed substance Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site preparation Open On-site preparation Open Controlled Release Open Controlled Release Open Controlled Release Open Controlled Release	Manufacture of the disted substance Controlled Release Open On-site use as reactant Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site preparation of products Controlled Release Open On-site preparation On-site preparation	Hanufacture of the listed substance Controlled Release Open On-site use as reactant Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site use as Enclosed Controlled Release Open On-site preparation Of products Controlled Release Open On-site preparation Open

	ho may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the
	·
Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
Α	TIRE SERVICE MAN
В	TRUCK DRIVER
С	
D	
E	
F	
G ·	
Н	
I	
J	
	A B C D E F G H

9.04 In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and indicate associated work areas.

CBI

[__] Process type <u>Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization</u>



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

72 = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

Note: All above is considered one work area

^[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.05 CBI	additional areas not	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or question and complete it separately for each process type.
[_]	Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization
	Work Area ID .	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
	1	Pumping TDI/Amine solutions to mixer, filling tires through valve stem with polyurethane, and cleaning hosing with alcohol
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
[]		you attach a continuation sheet.

1	Process type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Batch - Pol	yurethan	e Polymeriza	tion	
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., din skin conta	rect	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed
	A	1	_skin cont	act	AL/SO	C	250
	B	2	11 11		SQ	В	100
						-	
	·						
							
	GC = Gas (Gu = Gu = Gas (Gu = Gas (Gu = Gas (Gu = Gu = Gas (Gu = Gas (Gu = Gu = Gas (Gu = Gu = Gas (Gu = Gu = Gu = Gas (Gu = Gu	condensible at rature and pre uncondensible ratur'e and pre	ambient ssure) at ambient ssure;	SY = AL = OL =	Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible	lurry uid uid	bstance a
	includ SO = Solid	des fumes, vap	ors, etc.)		(specify phase) 90% vater, 1	ases, e.g.,	
	² Use the fol:	lowing codes t	o designate av	verage le	ength of expo	osure per day:	
	A = 15 minu B = Greater exceedi C = Greater		es, but not	D = (E = (Greater than exceeding 4 h	2 hours, but nours 4 hours, but nours	not

9.07	weighted Average (TWA	ry represented in question 9.06) exposure levels and the 15-mi on and complete it separately f	nute neak evangura lavala						
CBI									
[_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization								
	Work area	••••••	1						
	Labor Category	8-hour TVA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)						
	*	*	*						
			•						
	·								
		•							
*									
No	tests have been conduc	eted							

8	If you monitor worke	r exposur	e to the li	sted substar	nce, compl	ete the fo	llowing table.			
}	No monitor worker exposure available									
. 1	Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who Samples ¹	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Records Maintained			
	Personal breathing zone									
	General work area (air)									
	Wipe samples									
	Adhesive patches									
	Blood samples									
	Urine samples				, , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	Respiratory samples									
	Allergy tests.									
	Other (specify)									
	Other (specify)					-				
	Other (specify)				-					
	Use the following c A = Plant industria B = Insurance carri C = OSHA consultant D = Other (specify)	l hygieni er		takes the	monitorin	g samples:				

]	Sample Type		Sampling and Analytical Methodology					
		NA						
.10 BI	If you conduct perso specify the followin	g information fo	or each equipment type	or the listed su be used.	ubstance,			
<u></u>	Equipment Type ¹	Do not conduction Limit	_	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Numbe			
		_						
	•							
-	¹ Use the following c							
	<pre>A = Passive dosimet B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtra D = Other (specify)</pre>	er tion tube with p			,			
	Use the following c	odes to designat	e ambient air monito	oring equipment	types:			
	<pre>E = Stationary moni F = Stationary moni G = Stationary moni H = Mobile monitori I = Other (specify)</pre>	tors located wit tors located at ng equipment (sp	hin facility					
	² Use the following c	***	e detection limit un	nits:				
	A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic ce C = Micrograms/cubi	entimeter (f/cc) c meter (µ/m³)						

l	Test	Description	conducted	(weekly	Frequency monthly, year	ly, etc.)
	·		 			
			 	4		
			·			

9.12	Describe the engineering cont to the listed substance. Pho process type and work area.	tocopy this o	question and compl	eliminate wor ete it separat	ker exposure ely for each
CBI			None		
[]	Process type Work area			erization 1	
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
	Ventilation:				
	Local exhaust				
	General dilution				
	Other (specify)	•			
	Vessel emission controls	-			
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment				
	Other (specify)				
*	Not aware that any engineering	controls are	needed		
	The state of the s	controls are	needed		

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.13 <u>CBI</u>	Describe all equipment or process modifications you have a prior to the reporting year that have resulted in a reduct the listed substance. For each equipment or process modification the percentage reduction in exposure that resulted. Photocomplete it separately for each process type and work area	tion of worker exposure to fication described, state
[_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerizat	ion
	Work area	1
	Equipment or Process Modification	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%)
	No Modifications	

 $[\]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

sub	each work area	onal protective and safety equiping in order to reduce or eliminate copy this question and complete	o their even	ure to the lieted
_] Pro	cess type	Batch - Polyurethane 1	Polymerizatio	n
Wor	k area			1
		Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)	
		Respirators	<u> </u>	
		Safety goggles/glasses	Y	
		Face shields	Υ	
		Coveralls	N	
		Bib aprons	N	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Υ	
	• •	Other (specify)		

9.15	respirat tested,	ors used, the and the type a	ators when work areas where average usage and frequency y for each pro	tne respirat , whether or of the fit t	ors are us	ed, the type	of
<u>CBI</u>							
[_]	Process	type	Batch -	Polyuretha	ne Polymer	ization	
	Work Area	Ty	irator ype NA	Average _Usage	Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test ²	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)
							
	A = Dai B = Vee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth	ly kly thly e a year er (specify) _	des to designa			t:	
[_]	Mark (X)	this box if y	ou attach a co	ontinuation	sheet.		

	E WORK PRACTICES				
9.19 CBI [_]	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provquestion and complete it s	to the listed su reas with warnin ide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insu ing programs.	, restrict en Tre worker det etc.). Phot	trance only to ection and
`	Process type	Batch - Polyure	thane Polyme:	rization	
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	
	Area is not restri	leted			
	<u> </u>		·		
	Process type	Batch - Polyuret	hane Polymeri	zation	
	Housekeeping Tasks	Less Than Once Per Day		3-4 Times Per Day	More Than 4 Times Per Day
	Sweeping		X		
	Vacuuming				
	Water flushing of floors	X			
	Other (specify)			,	

9\21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance.
	Routine exposure
'	Yes
	No
	Emergency exposure
	Yes \
	No
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
\	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
7	
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
(No)
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations?
	officie the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No 2
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Plant safety specialist
	Insurance carrier
	OSHA consultant
\	Other (spedify)
\	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RQ.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

	A GENERAL INFORMATION
10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
CBI	
[_]	Industrial area
	Urban area 2
	Residential area
	Agricultural area 4
	Rural area
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway
	Other (specify)10

tude	, North	ing, E	Casting
oordinates Zone u monitor meteorological conditioning information. ge annual precipitation minant wind direction	, North	ing, E	Easting
u monitor meteorological condition information. ge annual precipitation minant wind direction ate the depth to groundwater	ditions in the vicin	My of your fac	cility, provid
ge annual precipitation minant wind direction ate the depth to groundwater	below your facility		
ge annual precipitation minant wind direction ate the depth to groundwater	below your facility		inches/y
minant wind direction	below your facility		
ate the depth to groundwater	below your facility		
•	•		\
•	•	•	•
			meters
	`		
	indicate (Y/N/NA) alet. (Refer to the in	ll routine rele sstructions for	ases of the a definition
te Activity	Envi Air	ronmental Rele Vater	ase Land
acturing	NA	NA	NA
ting	NA	NA	NA.
ssing	N		N
vise used	NA	NA	NA NA
		-41	IVA
ct or residual storage	N	NI	
ct or residual storage	N	N	N N
	each on-site activity listed, ed substance to the environment and NA.) Ite Activity Eacturing Essing Evise used	and NA.) Enviouse. E	Environmental Release Air Vater Facturing NA NA String NA NA Pessing NA NA Residuate NA NA Residuate NA NA NA Residuate NA NA NA Residuate NA

10.06	Provide the following information for the listed s of precision for each item. (Refer to the instruction example.)	ubstance and s tions for fur	specify the level ther explanation	and
CBI				
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u>	,
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u>	
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u>	
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr +	

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.08 <u>CBI</u>	process block or resid	echnologies used to minimize release of am containing the listed substance as ideal treatment block flow diagram(s). Phototely for each process type.	ntified in mass.
[_]	Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization	
	Stream ID Code	NA - Essential a closed system Control Technology	Percent Efficiency
[]	Mark (X) this box if vo	u attach a continuation sheet.	

PART E	RELEASE TO AIR	· .
10.09 <u>CBI</u>	residual treatment source. Do not inc sources (e.g., equi for each process ty	notes notes and an experience
	Process type	Back - Tolyde Make Tolymer 12ation
	Point Source ID Code	Description of Emission Point Source
		NA

1	Point		Stack Inner	NA	Emission				
	Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Exit	Building Height(m) ¹	Building Vidth(m)	Ven Typ	
				· .					
				-					
				,	*				
<u></u>	: 								
	¹ Height of attached or adjacent building								
	² Width of attached or adjacent building								
	³ Use the	³ Use the following codes to designate vent type:							
	H = Hori V = Vert	zontal							

nt source ID code	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)
< 1 ≥ 1 to < 10 ≥ 10 to < 30 ≥ 30 to < 50	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)
≥ 1 to < 10 ≥ 10 to < 30 ≥ 30 to < 50	
≥ 10 to < 30 ≥ 30 to < 50	
≥ 30 to < 50	
≥ 50 to < 100	
≥ 100 to < 500	
≥ 500	
	Total = 100%
•	
	(X) this box if you attach a con

Process type Bat Percentage of time per year type	ch - Polyure				plete it :	operated is separately				
Percentage of time per year	1013446	thone Do)	•						
type	Percentage of time per year that the listed substance is exposed to this process type									
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sted Sub	stance is	exposed	to this pi	cocess				
	Number	of Compor	nents in S	Service b	 V Veight I	Percent				
Equipment Type	ress				cess stream	Greater				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	than 3%	5-10%	11-25%	<u>26-75%</u>	76-99%	than 999				
- ·										
		-			6					
•	_1					1				
(Gas or vapor only)										
- ·										
Gas										
Liquid										
pen-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)										
Gas										
Liquid										
	Liquid pen-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent) Gas Liquid	Tess than 5% Tump seals Packed Mechanical Double mechanical langes alves Gas Liquid ressure relief devices (Gas or vapor only) ample connections Gas Liquid pen-ended lines (e.g., purge, vent) Gas Liquid	Less than 5% 5-10% The seals than 5% The seals than 5% The seals than 5% The seals than 5%	The state of the substance of the substa	Tess than 5% 5-10% 11-25% 26-75% The seals than 5% 5-10%	The state of the s				

11	nark	(X)	this	pox	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet
----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	-------

10.13	(continued)	·								
	² If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively									
	³ Conditions existing in th	e valve during norma	l operation							
	⁴ Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices									
	⁵ Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations									
10.14 <u>CBI</u>	Pressure Relief Devices wi pressure relief devices id devices in service are con enter "None" under column	trolled. If a press								
1_1	a. NA Number of Pressure Relief Devices	b. Percent Chemical in Vessel ¹	c. Control Device	d. Estimated Control Efficiency ²						
	Refer to the table in quest heading entitled "Number of Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10		d the percent rangice by Weight Perc	ge given under the cent of Listed						
	² The EPA assigns a control e with rupture discs under no efficiency of 98 percent fo conditions	efficiency of 100 per	rcent for equipmer itions. The EPA a to a flare under r	nt leaks controlled assigns a control normal operating						
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you att	tach a continuation of	sheet							

10.15	Equipment Leak Detect place, complete the procedures. Photocop type.	roffonting (able te	garding that	tob Veel es	nation and w	
CBI						
[_]	Process type		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Batch - Pe	olyurethane	Polymerization
	-	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches	- Detection	Frequency of Leak	Initiated	Repairs Completed
	Equipment Type	from Source	Device		(days after detection)	initiated)
	Pump seals Packed Mechanical Double mechanical Compressor seals Flanges Valves Gas Liquid Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only) Sample connections Gas Liquid Open-ended lines Gas					
	Liquid -					
	¹ Use the following co POVA = Portable orga FPM = Fixed point mo O = Other (specify)	nic vapor analyzer		vice:		
11	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a contin	uation shee	t.		

. — !	NA
10.16	Raw Material, Intermediate and Product Storage Emissions Complete the following table by providing the information on each liquid raw material, intermediate, and product storage vessel containing the listed substance as identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s).
ark (X) this box if you attach a	Floating Composition Throughput Filling Fillin
	Use the following codes to designate vessel type: F = Fixed roof CIT = Contact internal floating roof NSI = Mechanical shoe, primary NCIT = Noncontact internal floating roof NSZ = Rim-mounted, secondary NCIT = Noncontact internal floating roof NSZ = Rim-mounted, secondary FER = External floating roof IMI = Liquid-mounted resilient filled seal, primary P = Pressure vessel (indicate pressure rating) IM = Horizontal IM = Vapor mounted resilient filled seal, primary VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary VM3 = Veather shield Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis Other than floating roofs Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units) Use the following codes to designate basis for estimate of control efficiency: C = Calculations S = Sampling

PART E NON-ROUTINE RELEASES

10.23 Indicate the date and time when the release occurred and when the release ceased or was stopped. If there were more than six releases, attach a continuation sheet and list all releases.

Release	Date Started	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
1	NA			
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

10 24 Specify the weather conditions at the time of each release.

			\	-10036.	
Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity (%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitation(Y/N)
34		_		\ <u> </u>	
5 6			\		
·				\	

[__] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

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